# Material Safety Data Sheet

**Acid Solution** 

Section 1 - Chemical Product and Company Identification

MSDS Name: Hydrochloric Acid, 2N

Catalog Numbers: VM0104, SC100-1, SC100-2, SC100-15

Synonyms: None

**Company Identification:** 

Sportsman Consulting DBA Vinmetrica 1945 Camino Vida Roble, Ste E, Carlsbad CA

For information, call: 760-494-0597

Section 2 - Composition, Information on Ingredients

CAS# Chemical Name Percent
7732-18-5 Water 94 \
7647-01-0 Hydrogen chloride 6

Section 3 - Hazards Identification

**EMERGENCY OVERVIEW** 

Appearance: clear, colorless liquid.

### **Potential Acute Health Effects:**

Very hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of eye contact (irritant). Hazardous in case of ingestion. Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (corrosive, permeator), of eye contact (corrosive), of inhalation (lung sensitizer). Liquid or spray mist may produce tissue damage particularly on mucous membranes of eyes, mouth and respiratory tract. Skin contact may produce burns. Inhalation of the spray mist may produce severe irritation of respiratory tract, characterized by coughing, choking, or shortness of breath. Inflammation of the eye is characterized by redness, watering, and itching. Skin inflammation is characterized by itching, scaling, reddening, or, occasionally, blistering.

### **Potential Chronic Health Effects:**

Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (sensitizer). CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified 3 (Not classifiable for human.) by IARC [Hydrogen chloride]. MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Not available. The substance may be toxic to kidneys, liver, mucous membranes, upper respiratory tract, skin, eyes, , teeth. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage. Repeated or prolonged contact with spray mist may produce chronic eye irritation and severe skin irritation. Repeated or prolonged exposure to spray mist may produce respiratory tract irritation leading to frequent attacks of bronchial infection.

### Section 4 - First Aid Measures

# **Eye Contact:**

Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Cold water may be used. Get medical attention immediately.

### **Skin Contact:**

In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. Cold water may be used. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

#### **Serious Skin Contact:**

Wash with a disinfectant soap and cover the contaminated skin with an anti-bacterial cream. Seek medical attention.

#### Inhalation:

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.

#### Serious Inhalation:

Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Seek medical attention.

#### Ingestion:

Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If large quantities of this material are swallowed, call a physician immediately. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Serious Ingestion: Not available.

# Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

Flammability of the Product: Non-flammable. Auto-Ignition Temperature: Not applicable.

Flash Points: Not applicable.
Flammable Limits: Not applicable.
Products of Combustion: Not available.

Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances: Not applicable.

Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances: Non-explosive in presence of open

flames and sparks, of shocks,

Fire Fighting Media and Instructions: Not applicable.

Special Remarks on Fire Hazards: Not available.

Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards: Not available.

# Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

# Small Spill:

Dilute with water and mop up, or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. If necessary: Neutralize the residue with a dilute solution of sodium carbonate.

### Large Spill:

Corrosive liquid. Stop leak if without risk. Absorb with DRY earth, sand or other non-combustible material. Do not get water inside container. Do not touch spilled material. Use water spray curtain to divert vapor drift. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed. Call for assistance on disposal. Neutralize the residue with a dilute solution of sodium carbonate. Be careful that the product is not present at a concentration level above TLV. Check TLV on the MSDS and with local authorities.

# Section 7 - Handling and Storage

#### Precautions:

Keep container dry. Do not ingest. Do not breathe gas/fumes/ vapor/spray. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep away from incompatibles such as alkalis, moisture. May corrode metallic surfaces.

Storage: Keep container tightly closed. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area.

# Section 8 - Exposure Controls, Personal Protection

#### **Engineering Controls:**

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value.

## **Personal Protection:**

Face shield. Full suit. Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Gloves. Boots.

### Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill:

Splash goggles. Full suit. Vapor respirator. Boots. Gloves. A self contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.

## **Exposure Limits:**

Hydrogen chloride STEL: 7.5 (mg/m3) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] STEL: 5 (ppm) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States]

CEIL: 5 (ppm) from NIOSH CEIL: 7.5 (mg/m3) from NIOSH CEIL: 5 (ppm) from OSHA (PEL)

[United States] CEIL: 7 (mg/m3)

from OSHA (PEL) [United States] Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

# Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical state and appearance: Liquid.

Odor: Pungent. (Slight.)

Taste: Not available.

Molecular Weight: Not applicable.

Color: Colorless. Clear

pH (1% soln/water): 1 [Acidic.]

Boiling Point: The lowest known value is 100°C (212°F) (Water).

Melting Point: Not available.

Critical Temperature: Not available. Specific Gravity: 1 (Water = 1)

**Vapor Pressure:** The highest known value is 2.3 kPa (@ 20°C) (Water). **Vapor Density:** The highest known value is 0.62 (Air = 1) (Water).

Volatility: Not available.

Odor Threshold: Not available.
Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.: Not available.
Ionicity (in Water): Not available.

**Dispersion Properties:** See solubility in water, diethyl ether.

**Solubility:** Easily soluble in cold water, hot water. Soluble in diethyl ether.

# Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Stability: The product is stable.

Instability Temperature: Not available.

Conditions of Instability: Incompatible materials Incompatibility with various substances:

Reactive with alkalis. Slightly reactive to reactive with oxidizing agents, organic materials, metals.

Corrosivity:

Extremely corrosive in presence of aluminum, of copper, of stainless steel(304), of stainless steel(316). Non-corrosive in presence of glass.

# Special Remarks on Reactivity:

Isolate from heat, alkalies (reacts vigorously), organic materials, and oxidizers (especially nitric acid and chlorates), amines, copper and alloys (e.g. brass), hydroxides, zinc (galvanized materials). Hydrogen chloride causes aldehydes and epoxides to violently polymerize. It reacts with oxidizers releasing chlorine gas. (Hydrogen chloride) It reacts with oxidizers releasing chlorine gas. Incompatible with alkalis, amines, metals [copper and alloys (brass), zinc (galvanized materials), hydroxides, organic materials, alkali metals, carbides, borides, metal oxides, vinyl acetate, acetylides, sulphides, phosphides, cyanides, carbonates, It can react with formaldehyde. Reacts with most metals to produce flammable hydrogen gas.

Special Remarks on Corrosivity: Severe corrosive effect on bronze

Polymerization: Will not occur.

# Section 11 - Toxicological Information

**Routes of Entry:** Absorbed through skin. Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion. **Toxicity to Animals:** 

Hydrochloric Acid Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 900 mg/kg [Rabbit]. Acute toxicity of the vapor (LC50): 1108 1 hours [Mouse].

Acute toxicity of the vapor (LC50): 3124 1 hours [Rat].

#### **Chronic Effects on Humans:**

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified 3 (Not classifiable for human.) by IARC [Hydrogen chloride]. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, liver, mucous membranes, upper respiratory tract, skin, eyes, teeth.

#### Other Toxic Effects on Humans:

Very hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant). Hazardous in case of ingestion, of inhalation (lung corrosive). Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (corrosive, permeator), of eye contact (corrosive).

Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals: Not available.

Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans: May affect genetic material (mutagenic).

May cause adverse reproductive effects (fetotoxicity).

**Special Remarks on other Toxic Effects on Humans:** 

# Section 12 - Ecological Information

**Ecotoxicity:** Not available. **BOD5 and COD:** Not available. **Products of Biodegradation:** 

Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term egradation products may arise.

**Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation:** The product itself and its products of degradation are not toxic.

Special Remarks on the Products of Biodegradation: Not available.

# Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

### Waste Disposal:

Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations

# Section 14 - Transport Information

**DOT Classification:** Class 8: Corrosive material

Identification: : Hydrochloric Acid Solution UNNA: 1789 PG: II

Special Provisions for Transport: Not available.

# Section 15 - Regulatory Information

### Federal and State Regulations:

Connecticut hazardous material survey.: Hydrochloric acid Illinois toxic substances disclosure to employee act: Hydrochloric acid Illinois chemical safety act: Hydrochloric acid New York release reporting list: Hydrochloric acid Rhode Island RTK hazardous substances: Hydrochloric acid Pennsylvania RTK: Hydrochloric acid Minnesota: Hydrochloric acid Massachusetts RTK: Hydrochloric acid Massachusetts spill list: Hydrochloric acid New Jersey: Hydrochloric acid New Jersey spill list: Hydrochloric acid Louisiana RTK reporting list: Hydrochloric acid

**Other Regulations:** OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

### Other Classifications:

#### WHMIS (Canada):

CLASS D-1A: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (VERY TOXIC). CLASS E: Corrosive liquid.

#### DSCL (EEC):

R34- Causes burns. S26- In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice. S28- After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water. S36/37/39- Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.

HMIS (U.S.A.): Health Hazard: 3 Fire Hazard: 0 Reactivity: 0

**Personal Protection:** 

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.):

Health: 2 Flammability: 0 Reactivity: 0

### Specific hazard:

# **Protective Equipment:**

Gloves (impervious). Chemical resistant apron. Wear appropriate vapor respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Face shield.

# Section 16 - Additional Information

**MSDS Creation Date:** 11-10-10

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